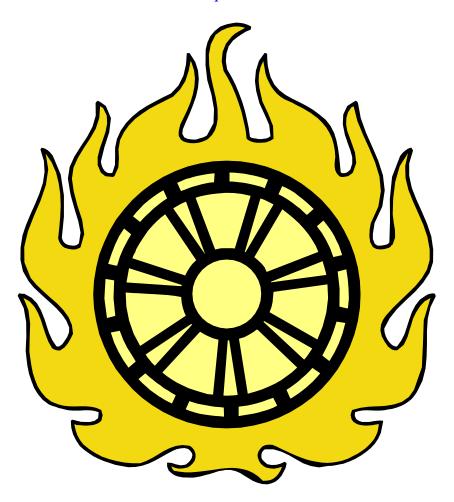
Thai Forest Tradition Chants*

Madison Insight Meditation Group

www.vipassana.net



*As recited in the tradition of Ajahn Chah, Ajahn Sumedho and
Amaravati Buddhist Monastery.
With gratitude to Abhayagiri Buddhist Monastery,
Redwood Valley, CA,
www.abhayagiri.org

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Revised October 2007

MORNING CHANTING - Pali & English

Dedication of Offerings

(Yo so) bhagavā araham sammāsambuddho

To the Blessed One, the Lord who fully attained perfect enlightenment, Svākkhāto yena bhagavatā dhammo

To the Teaching which he expounded so well,

Supatipanno yassa bhagavato sāvakasangho

And to the Blessed One's disciples, who have practised well,

Tammayam bhagavantam sadhammam sasangham

To these – the Buddha, the Dhamma and the Sangha –

Imehi sakkārehi yathāraham āropitehi abhipūjayāma

We render with offerings our rightful homage.

Sādhu no bhante bhagavā sucira-parinibbutopi

It is well for us that the Blessed One, having attained liberation,

Pacchimā-janatānukampamānasā

Still had compassion for later generations.

Ime sakkāre duggata-paņņākāra-bhūte paṭiggaņhātu

May these simple offerings be accepted

Amhākam dīgharattam hitāya sukhāya

For our long-lasting benefit and for the happiness it gives us.

Araham sammāsambuddho bhagavā

The Lord, the Perfectly Enlightened and Blessed One –

Buddham bhagavantam abhivademi

I render homage to the Buddha, the Blessed One. [Bow]

(Svākkhāto) bhagavatā dhammo

The Teaching so completely explained by him -

Dhammam namassāmi

I bow to the Dhamma. [Bow]

(Supatipanno) bhagavato sāvakasangho

The Blessed One's disciples who have practised well – Sangham namāmi

I bow to the Sangha. [Bow]

Preliminary Homage to the Buddha

(Handa mayam buddhassa bhagavato pubbabhaga-namakaram karomase) (Now let us pay preliminary homage to the Buddha)

(Namo tassa) bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa (3x)

(Homage to the Blessed), Noble and Perfectly Enlightened One (3x)

Homage to the Buddha

(Handa mayam buddhābhithutim karomase)

(Now let us chant in praise of the Buddha)

(Yo so) tathagato araham sammasambuddho

The Tathāgata is the Pure One, the Perfectly Enlightened One;

Vijjācaraņa-sampanno

He is impeccable in conduct and understanding

Sugato

The Accomplished One

Lokavidū

The Knower of the Worlds;

Anuttaro purisadamma-sārathi

He trains perfectly those who wish to be trained

Satthā deva-manussānam

He is Teacher of gods and humans

Buddho bhagavā

He is Awake and Holy.

Yo imam lokam sadevakam samārakam sabrahmakam

In this world with its gods, demons and kind spirits,

Sassamaṇa-brāhmaṇim pajam sadeva-manussam sayam abhiññā sacchikatvā pavedesi

Its seekers and sages, celestial and human beings, he has by deep insight revealed the Truth.

Yo dhammam desesi ādi-kalyāṇam majjhe-kalyāṇam pariyosāna kalyāṇam He has pointed out the Dhamma: beautiful in the beginning, beautiful in the middle, beautiful in the end.

Sāttham sabyanjanam kevala-paripunnam parisuddham brahma-cariyam pakāsesi

He has explained the Spiritual Life of complete purity in its essence and conventions.

Tamaham bhagavantam abhipujayami tamaham bhagavantam sirasa namami

I chant my praise to the Blessed One, I bow my head to the Blessed One. [Bow]

Homage to the Dhamma

(Handa mayam dhammabhithutim karomase)

(Now let us chant in praise of the Dhamma)

(Yo so) svākkhāto bhagavatā dhammo

The Dhamma is well-expounded by the Blessed One,

Sandiţţhiko

Apparent here and now

Akāliko

Timeless

Eh<u>i</u>pass<u>i</u>ko

Encouraging investigation,

Opanayiko

Leading inwards

Paccattam veditabbo viññūhi

To be experienced individually by the wise.

Tamaham dhammam abhipūjayāmi tamaham dhammam sirasā namāmi I chant my praise to this Teaching, I bow my head to this Truth.

[Bow]

Homage to the Sangha

(Handa mayam sanghābhithutim karomase)

(Now let us chant in praise of the Sangha)

(Yo so) supatipanno bhagavato sāvakasangho

They are the Blessed One's disciples who have practiced well,

Ujupatipanno bhagavato sāvaka sangho

Who have practiced directly,

Ñāyapatipanno bhagavato sāvaka sangho

Who have practiced insightfully,

Samīcipatipanno bhagavato savaka sangho

Those who practice with integrity;

Yadidam cattāri purisayugāni attha purisapuggalā

That is the four pairs, the eight kinds of noble beings,

Esa bhagavato sāvaka sangho

These are the Blessed One's disciples.

Āhuņeyyo

Such ones are worthy of gifts

Pāhuņeyyo

Worthy of hospitality

Dakkhineyyo

Worthy of offerings

Añjali-karanīyo

Worthy of respect;

Anuttaram puññakkhettam lokassa

They give occasion for incomparable goodness to arise in the world.

Tamaham sangham abhipujayami tamaham sangham sirasa namami I chant my praise to this Sangha, I bow my head to this Sangha.

[Bow]

Salutation of the Triple Gem

(Handa mayam ratanattaya-paṇāma-gāthayo ceva samvega-parikittana paṭhanca bhaṇāmase)

(Now let us chant our salutation of the Triple Gem and a passage of Encouragement)

(Buddho susuddho) karuṇāmahaṇṇavo

The Buddha, absolutely pure, with ocean-like compassion,

Yoccanta-suddhabbara-ñāṇa-locano

Possessing the clear sight of wisdom,

Lokassa pāpūpakilesa-ghātako

Destroyer of worldly self-corruption –

Vandāmi buddham ahamādarena tam

Devotêdly indeed, that Buddha Î revere.

Dhammo padipo viya tassa satthuno

The Teaching of the Lord, like a lamp,

Yo maggapākāmata-bheda-bhinnako

Illuminating the Path and its Fruit: the Deathless -

Lokuttaro yo ca tadattha-dipano

That which is beyond the conditioned world -

Vandāmi dhammam ahamādarena tam

Devotedly indeed, that Dhamma I revere.

Sangho sukhettabhyati-khetta-sannito

The Sangha, the most fertile ground for cultivation,

Yo ditthasanto sugatanubodhako

Those who have realised Peace, awakened after the Accomplished One,

Lolappahino ariyo sumedhaso

Noble and wise, all longing abandoned –

Vandāmi sangham ahamadarena tam

Devotêdly indeed, that Sangha Î revere.

Iccevam-ekantabhipuja-neyyakam

This salutation should be made

Vatthuttayam vandayatābhisankhatam

To that which is worthy;

Puññam mayā yam mama sabbupaddavā

Through the power of such good action

Mā hontu ve tassa pabhāvasiddhiyā

May all obstacles disappear.

Idha tathagato loke uppanno araham sammasambuddho

One who knows things as they are has come into this world; and he is an Arahant, A perfectly awakened being.

Dhammo ca desito niyyāniko upasamiko parinibbāniko sambodhagāmī sugatappavedito

Purifying the way leading out of delusion, calming and directing to perfect peace, and leading to enlightenment – this Way he has made known.

Mayantam dhammam sutva evam janama

Having heard the Teaching, we know this:

Jātipį dukkhā

Birth is dukkha

Jarāpį dukkhā

Ageing is dykkha

Maranampi dukkham

And death is dukkha;

Soka-parideva-dukkha-domanassupāyāsāpi dukkhā

Sorrow, lamentation, pain, grief and despair are dukkha;

Appiyehi sampayogo dukkho

Association with the disliked is dukkha

Piyehį vippayogo dukkho

Separation from the liked is dukkha;

Yampicchâm na labhati tampi dukkham

Not attaining one's wishes is dukkha -

Sankhittena pañcupadanak-khandha dukkha

In brief, the five focuses of the grasping mind are dukkha.

Seyyathidam

These are as follows:

Rūpūpādānakkhandho

Identification with the body,

Vedanūpādānakkhandho

Identification with feeling,

Sannupadanakkhandho

Identification with perception,

Sankharupadanakkhandho

Identification with mentalformations,

Viññāṇūpādānakkhandho

Identification with consciousness.

Yesam pariññaya

For the complete understanding of this,

Dharamano so bhagava

The Blessed One, in his lifetime

Evam bahulam savake vineti

Frequently instructed his disciples in just this way.

Evam bhāgā ca panassa bhagavato savakesu anusasanī bahulā pavattati In addition, he further instructed:

Rūpam aniccam

The body is impermanent,

Vedanā aniccā

Feeling is impermanent,

Sañña anicca

Perception is impermanent,

Sankhara anicca

Mental formations are impermanent,

Viññāṇam aniccam

Consciousness is impermanent;

Rūpam anattā

The body is not-self,

Vedanā anattā

Feeling is not-self,

Sañña anatta

Perception is not-self,

Sankhara anatta

Mental formations are not-self,

Viññāṇam anattā

Consciousness is not-self;

Sabbe sankhara anicca

All conditions are impermanent,

Sąbbe dhammā anattā 'ti

There is no self in the created or the uncreated.

Te mayam

All of us

Otiṇṇāmha-jātijyā jarāmaraṇena

Are bound by birth, ageing and death,

Sokehi paridevehi dukkhehi domanassehi upāyāsehi

By sorrow, lamentation, pain, grief and despair,

Dukkhotiņņā dukkhaparetā

Bound by dukkha and obstructed by dukkha.

Appevanāmimassa kevalassa dukkhakkhandhassa antakiriyā paññāyethā 'ti Let us all aspire to complete freedom from suffering.

Ciraparinibbutampi tam bhagavantam saranam gatā

The Blessed One, who long ago attained Parinibbana is our refuge

Dhammañca sanghañca

So too are the Dhamma and Sangha

Tassa bhagavato sasanam yathasati yatabalam manasikaroma anupaṭipajjāma

Attentively we follow the pathway of that Blessed One, with all of our mindfulness and strength
Sa sa no patipatti
May then the cultivation of this practice
Imassa kevalassa dukkhakkhandhassa antakiriyaya samvattatu
Lead us to the end of every kind of suffering

EVENING CHANTING - Pali

Dedication of Offerings

(Yo so) bhagavā araham sammāsambuddho Svākkhāto yena bhagavatā dhammo Supatipanno yassa bhagavato sāvakasangho Tammayam bhagavantam sadhammam sasangham Imehi sakkārehi yathāraham āropitehi abhipūjayāma Sādhu no bhante bhagavā sucira-parinibbutopi Pacchimā-janatānukampa-mānasā Ime sakkāre duggata-pannākāra-bhūte patigganhātu Amhākam dīgharattam hitāya sukhāya Araham sammāsambuddho bhagavā Buddham bhagavantam ābhivādemi

[Bow]

(Svākkhāto) bhagavatā dhammo Dhammam namassāmi

[Bow]

(Supatipanno) bhagavato sāvakasangho Sangham namāmi

[Bow]

Preliminary Homage

(Handa mayam buddhassa bhagavato pubbabhaga-namakaram karomase) (Namo tassa) bhagavato arahato sammasambuddhassa [3x]

Recollection of the Buddha

(Handa mayam buddhanussatinayam karomase)
[Tam kho] pana bhagavantam evam kalyano kittisaddo abbhuggato
Itipi so bhagava araham sammasambuddho
Vijjacarana-sampanno sugato lokavidu
Anuttaro purisadamma-sarathi sattha deva-manussanam buddho
bhagava 'ti

Supreme Praise of the Buddha

(Handa mayam buddhābhigitim karomase)
[Buddhavārahanta] varatādigunābhiyutto
Suddhābhiñāṇa-karuṇāhi samāgatatto
Bodhesi yo sujanatam kamalam va sūro
Vandāmaham tamaraṇam sirasā jinendam
Buddho yo sabbapāṇīnam saraṇam khemamuttamam
Paṭhamānussatiṭṭhānam vandāmi tam sirenaham
Buddhassāhasmi dāso* va buddho me samikissaro
Buddho dukkhassa ghātā ca vidhātā ca hitassa me
Buddhassāham niyyādemi sarīranjīviṭtanciḍam
Vandantoham† carissāmi buddhasseva subodhiṭtam
Natthi me saraṇam añnam buddho me saraṇam varam
Etena saccavajjena vaḍḍheyyam satthu-sāsane
Buddham me vandamānena‡ yam puñnam pasūtam idha
Sabbepi antarāyā me māhēsum tassa tejasā

[Chant while bowing]

Kāyena vācāya va cetasā vā Būddhe kukammam pakatam mayā yam Būddho patigganhatu accayantam Kālantare samvaritum va būddhe

NOTE: women chant: * dāsī, † vandantīhām, ‡ vandamānāya

Recollection Of The Dhamma

(Handa mayam dhammanussatinayam karomase) (Svākkhāto) bhagavatā dhammo Sandiṭṭhiko akāliko ehipassiko Opanayiko paccattam veditabbo viññūhī 'ti

Supreme Praise Of The Dhamma

(Handa mayam dhammābhigitim karomase)
(Svākkhātatā) diguna-yoga-vasena seyyo
Yo maggapāka-pariyatti-vimokkha-bhedo
Dhammo kuloka-patanā tada-dhāri-dhārī
Vandāmaham tamaharam varadhammametam
Dhammo yo sabbapāninam saranam khemamuttamam
Dutiyānussatitihānam vandāmi tam sirenaham
Dhammassāhasmi dāso* va dhammo me samikissaro
Dhammo dukkhassa ghātā ca vidhātā ca hitassa me
Dhammassāham niyyādemi sarīranjīvitancidam
Vandantoham† carissāmi dhammasseva sudhammatam
Natthi me saranam annam dhammo me saranam varam
Etena saccavajjena vaddheyyam satthu-sāsane
Dhammam me vandamānena* yam punnam pasutam idha
Sabbepi antarāyā me māhesum tassa tejasā

[Chant while bowing]

Kāyena vācāya va cetasa vā

Dhamme kukammam pakatam maya yam

Dhammo patigganhatu accayantam

Kālantare samvaritum va dhamme

NOTE: women chant: * dāsī, † vandantīham

Recollection of the Sangha

(Handa mayam saṅghānussatinayam karomase) (Supatipanno) bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho Ujupatipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho Nāyapatipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho Sāmīcipatipanno bhagavato sāvakasangho Yadidam cattāri purisayugāni attha purisapuggalā Esa bhagavato sāvakasangho Āhuneyyo pāhuneyyo dakkhineyyo anjali-karanīyo Anuttaram punnakkhettam lokassā 'ti NOTE: women chant: * vandamānāy

Supreme Praise of the Sangha

(Handa mayam sanghābhigitim karomase)
(Saddhammajo) supatipattigunādiyutto
Yotthabbidho ariyapuggala-sanghasettho
Silādidhamma-pavarāsaya-kāya-citto
Vandāmaham tamariyāna ganam susuddham
Sangho yo sabbapāninam saranam khemamuttamam
Tatiyānussatitthānam vandāmi tam sirenaham
Sanghassāhasmi dāso* va sangho me samikissaro
Sangho dukkhassa ghātā ca vidhātā ca hitassa me
Sanghassāham niyyādemi sarīranjīvitancidam
Vandantoham† carissāmi sanghasso-patipannatam
Natthi me saranam annam sangho me saranam varam
Etena saccavajjena vaddheyyam satthu-sāsane
Sangham me vandamānena‡ yam punnam pasutam idha
Sabbepi antarāyā me māhesum tassa tejasā

[Chant while bowing]
Kāyena vācāya va cetasa vā
Sanghe kukammam pakatam mayā yam
Sangho patigganhatu accayantam
Kālantare samvaritum va sanghe

NOTE: women chant: * dāsī, † vandantīhām, ‡ vandamānāya

[At this time meditation is practised in silence, sometimes followed by a Dhamma talk, and ending with the Closing Homage.]

Closing Homage

(Araham) sammāsambuddho bhagavā

Buddham bhagavantam abhivademi [Bow]

(Svākkhāto) bhagavatā dhammo

Dhammam namassāmi [Bow]

(Supatipanno) bhagavato sāvakasangho

Sangham namami [Bow]

EVENING CHANTING - English

Dedication of Offerings

(To the Blessed One) the Lord who fully attained perfect enlightenment,

To the Teaching which he expounded so well,

And to the Blessed One's disciples, who have practised well,

To these – the Buddha, the Dhamma and the Sangha –

We render with offerings our rightful homage.

It is well for us that the Blessed One, having attained liberation,

Still had compassion for later generations.

May these simple offerings be accepted

For our long-lasting benefit and for the happiness it gives us.

The Lord, the Perfectly Enlightened and Blessed One –

I render homage to the Buddha, the Blessed One. [Bow]

(The Teaching) so completely explained by him -

I bow to the Dhamma. [Bow]

(The Blessed One's disciples) who have practised well -

I bow to the Sangha. [Bow]

Preliminary Homage

(Now let us pay preliminary homage to the Buddha)
(Homage to the Blessed), Noble and Perfectly Enlightened One [3x]

Recollection of the Buddha

(Now let us chant the recollection of the Buddha)

(A good word) of the Blessed One's reputation has spread as follows: He, the Blessed One, is indeed the Pure One, the Perfectly Enlightened One;

He is impeccable in conduct and understanding, the Accomplished One, the Knower of the Worlds;

He trains perfectly those who wish to be trained;

He is Teacher of gods and humans;

He is Awake and Holy.

Supreme Praise of the Buddha

(Now let us chant the supreme praise of the Buddha)

(The Buddha), the truly worthy one, endowed with such excellent qualities,

Whose being is composed of purity, transcendental wisdom and compassion;

Who has enlightened the wise like the sun awakening the lotus.

I bow my head to that peaceful chief of conquerors.

The Buddha who is the safe, secure refuge of all beings -

As the First Object of Recollection, I venerate him with bowed head.

I am indeed the Buddha's servant, the Buddha is my Lord and Guide.

The Buddha is sorrow's destroyer, who bestows blessings on me.

To the Buddha I dedicate this body and life

And in devotion I will walk the Buddha's path of awakening.

For me there is no other refuge, the Buddha is my excellent refuge.

By the utterance of this truth may I grow in the Master's Way.

By my devotion to the Buddha, and the blessing of this practice -

By its power, may all obstacles be overcome.

[Chanting while bowing]

By body, speech or mind,

For whatever wrong action I have committed towards the Buddha,

May my acknowledgement of fault be accepted;

That in future there may be restraint regarding the Buddha.

Recollection of the Dhamma

(Now let us chant the recollection of the Dhamma)
(The Dhamma) is well-expounded by the Blessed One,
Apparent here and now, timeless, encouraging investigation,
Leading inwards, to be experienced individually by the wise.

Supreme Praise of the Dhamma

(Now let us chant the supreme praise of the Dhamma)

(It is excellent) because it is 'well-expounded',

And it can be divided into Path and Fruit, Practice and Liberation.

The Dhamma holds those who uphold it from falling into delusion.

I revere the excellent teaching, that which removes darkness -

The Dhamma, which is the supreme, secure refuge of all beings -

As the Second Object of Recollection, I venerate it with bowed head.

I am indeed the Dhamma's servant, the Dhamma is my Lord and Guide.

The Dhamma is sorrow's destroyer and it bestows blessings on me.

To the Dhamma I dedicate this body and life

And in devotion I will walk this excellent way of Truth.

For me there is no other refuge, the Dhamma is my excellent refuge.

By the utterance of this truth may I grow in the Master's Way.

By my devotion to the Dhamma, and the blessing of this practice -

By its power, may all obstacles be overcome.

[Chanting while bowing]

By body, speech or mind,

For whatever wrong action I have committed towards the Dhamma,

May my acknowledgement of fault be accepted;

That in future there may be restraint regarding the Dhamma.

Recollection of the Sangha

(Now let us chant the recollection of the Sangha)

(They are the Blessed One's disciples) who have practised well,

Who have practised directly,

Who have practised insightfully,

Those who practise with integrity;

That is the four pairs, the eight kinds of noble beings,

These are the Blessed One's disciples.

Such ones are worthy of gifts, worthy of hospitality, worthy of offerings, worthy of respect;

They give occasion for incomparable goodness to arise in the world.

Supreme Praise of the Sangha

(Now let us chant the supreme praise of the Sangha)

(Born of the Dhamma), that Sangha which has practised well,

The field of the Sangha formed of eight kinds of noble beings,

Guided in body and mind by excellent morality and virtue.

I revere that assembly of noble beings perfected in purity.

The Sangha which is the supreme, secure refuge of all beings -

As the Third Object of Recollection, I venerate it with bowed head.

I am indeed the Sangha's servant, the Sangha is my Lord and Guide.

The Sangha is sorrow's destroyer and it bestows blessings on me.

To the Sangha I dedicate this body and life

And in devotion I will walk the well-practised way of the Sangha.

For me there is no other refuge, the Sangha is my excellent refuge.

By the utterance of this truth may I grow in the Master's Way.

By my devotion to the Sangha, and the blessing of this practice -

By its power, may all obstacles be overcome.

[Chanting while bowing]

By body, speech or mind,

For whatever wrong action I have committed towards the Sangha,

May my acknowledgement of fault be accepted;

That in future there may be restraint regarding the Sangha.

[At this time meditation is practised in silence, sometimes followed by a Dhamma talk, and ending with the closing homage]

Closing Homage

(The Lord), the Perfectly Enlightened and Blessed One – I render homage to the Buddha, the Blessed One. [Bow]

(The Teaching) so completely explained by him –

I bow to the Dhamma. [Bow]

(The Blessed One's disciples) who have practised well –

I bow to the Sangha. [Bow]

FORMAL REQUESTS

Requesting the Three Refuges and the Five or Eight Precepts

Explanatory Note: The "Going for Refuge" and taking the Precepts indicate an intention to do one's best to practice in accord with the teachings of the Buddha. Going for Refuge gives a continual perspective on life by referring one's conduct and understanding to the qualities of Buddha (wisdom), Dhamma (truth) and Sangha (virtue). The Precepts are also for reflection and to define one's actions as a responsible human being. There is a formal means of taking the Refuges and Precepts, which is as follows:

[After bowing three times, with hands joined in añjali, recite as a group, in Pali only:]

Mayam* bhante (ayye, mitta) tisaranena saha pañca (aṭṭha**) salāni yācāma*

We Venerable Sir (Sister, Friend) request the 3 Refuges & the 5 (8) Precepts

Dutiyampi mayam bhante (ayye, mitta) tisaranena saha pañca (aṭṭha**) silāni yācāma

For the 2nd time we Venerable Sir (Sister, Friend) request the 3 Refuges & the 5 (8) Precepts

Tatiyampi mayam bhante (ayye, mitta) tisaranena saha pañca (aṭṭha**) silāni yācāma

For the 3rd time we Venerable Sir (Sister, Friend) request the 3 Refuges & the 5 (8) Precepts

[*As an individual, or one on behalf of a group: mayam becomes Aham, yācāma becomes yācāmi.

** attha when taking eight precepts, pañca when taking five precepts. use ayye if requesting from a nun:, use mitta if requesting from a layperson!

Taking the Three Refuges

[Recite with the leader in Pali three times and then in English three times:]

Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa

Homage to the Blessed, Noble and Perfectly Enlightened One Homage to the Blessed, Noble and Perfectly Enlightened One Homage to the Blessed, Noble and Perfectly Enlightened One

[Recite with the leader in Pali only]

Buddham saraṇam gacchāmi	To the Buddha I go for refuge
Dhammam saranam gacchāmi	To the Dhamma I go for refuge
Saṅghaṃ saraṇaṃ gacchāmi	To the Sangha I go for refuge

Dutiyampi buddham saranam gacchāmi For the 2nd time, to the

Buddha I go for refuge

Dutiyampi dhammam saranam gacchāmi For the 2nd time, to the

Dhamma I go for refuge

Dutiyampi sangham saranam gacchāmi For the 2nd time, to the Sangha

I go for refuge

Tatiyampi buddham saranam gacchāmi For the 3rd time, to the Buddha

I go for refuge

Tatiyampi dhammam saranam gacchāmi For the 3rd time, to the

Dhamma I go for refuge

Tatiyampi sangham saranam gacchāmi For the 3rd time, to the Sangha I

go for refuge

[Leader only:]

Tisarana-gamanam nitthitam

This completes the going to the

3 Refuges

[Group response:]

Āma bhante/ayye/mitta Yes, Venerable Sir/Sister/Friend

Taking the Five Precepts

[To undertake the precepts, repeat each precept in Pali and English after the leader:]

1. Pāṇātipātā veramaṇī sikkhapadaṃ samādijyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from taking the life of any living creature.

2. Adinnādānā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādijyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from taking that which is not given.

3. Kāmesu micchācārā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from sexual misconduct.

4. Musāvādā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from false and harmful speech.

5. Surāmeraya-majja-pamādaṭṭhānā verāmaṇī sikkhāpadaṃ samādṭyāmi. *I undertake the precept to refrain from intoxicating drink and drugs*

which lead to carelessness.

[Leader only:]:

Imāni pañca sikkhāpadāni These Five Precepts

Sīlena sugatim yanti Have morality as a vehicle for happiness Sīlena bhogasampadā Have morality as a vehicle for good fortune, Sīlena nibbutim yanti Have morality as a vehicle for liberation.

Tasmā sīlam visodhaye Let morality therefore be purified.

[Group Response:] Sādhu, Sādhu [Bow three times]

Taking The Eight Precepts

[To undertake the precepts, repeat each precept in Pali & English after the leader:]

1. Pāṇātipātā veramaṇī sikkhapadaṃ samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from destroying living creatures.

2. Adinnādānā veramaņī sikkhapadam samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from taking that which is not given.

3. Abrahmacariyā verāmaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from any kind of sexual activity.

4. Musavādā veramaņī sikkhapadam samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from false and harmful speech.

- 5. Surāmeraya-majja-pamādaṭṭhānā veramaṇī sikkhāpadaṃ samādiyāmi. I undertake the precept to refrain from consuming intoxicating drink and drugs which lead to carelessness.
- 6. Vikālabhojanā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi I undertake the precept to refrain from eating at inappropriate times.
- 7. Nacca-gīta-vādita-visūkadāssanā-mālā-gandha-vilepana-dhāraṇamaṇ ḍana-vibhūsanaṭṭhānā verāmaṇī sikkhāpadaṃ samādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from entertainment, beautification and adornment.

8. Uccāsayana-mahāsayanā verāmaņī sikkhāpadam sāmādiyāmi.

I undertake the precept to refrain from lying on a high or luxurious sleeping place.

[Leader only:]

Imāni aṭṭha sikkhāpadāni samādiyāmi

[Group Response:]

Imāni aṭṭha sikkhāpadāni samādiyāmi Imāni aṭṭha sikkhāpadāni samādiyāmi Imāni aṭṭha sikkhāpadāni samādiyāmi

I undertake these Eight Precepts
I undertake these Eight Precepts
I undertake these Eight Precepts

[Leader only:]

Imāni aṭṭha sikkhāpadāni These Eight Precepts

Sîlena sugatim yanti Have morality as a vehicle for happiness,
Sîlena bhogasampadā Have morality as a vehicle for good fortune,
Sîlena nibbutim yanti Have morality as a vehicle for liberation.

Tasmā sīlam visodhaye Let morality therefore be purified.

[Group Response:] Sādhu, Sādhu, Sādhu [Bow three times]

Requesting A Dhamma Teaching

[Bow three times, and then with hands joined in añjali, recite the following in Pali]

Brahmā ca lokādhipatī sahampati The Brahma-god Sahampati,

Lord of the world,

Katañjali adhivaram ayācatha With palms joined in reverence,

requested a favour:

Santidha sattāpparajakkha-jātikā

Beings are here with but little

dust in their eyes,

Desetu dhammam anukampimam pajam Pray, teach the Dhamma out of

compassion for them

[Bow three times]

Acknowledging The Teaching

[One person:]

Handa mayam dhammakathaya* Now let us express approval of this

sādhukāram dadāmase Dhamma Teaching

*NOTE: If an exhortation, say: ovādakathaya

[Group Response:]

Sādhu, Sadhu. Sādhu, Anumodāmi. It is well, I appreciate it.

REFLECTIONS AND RECOLLECTIONS

Reflection before the Meal

Wisely reflecting, I use this food not for fun, not for pleasure, not for fattening, not for beautification, but only for the maintenance and nourishment of this body, for keeping it healthy, for helping with the Spiritual Life;

Thinking thus, I will allay hunger without overeating, so that I may continue to live blamelessly and at ease.

Five Subjects for Frequent Recollection

(Handa mayam abhinha-paccavekkhana-patham bhanamase) (Jara-dhammomhi) jaram anatito

I am of the nature to age, I have not gone beyond ageing. Byādhi-dhammomhi byādhim anatīto

I am of the nature to sicken, I have not gone beyond sickness.

Maraṇa-dhammomhi maraṇaṃ anatīto

I am of the nature to die, I have not gone beyond dying. Sabbehi me piyehi manapehi nanabhavo vinabhavo

All that is mine, beloved and pleasing, will become otherwise, will become separated from me.

Kammassakomhi kammadāyādo kammayoni kammabandhu kammap atisarano. Yam kammam karissāmi kalyāṇam vā pāpakam vā tassa dāyādo bhavissāmi.

I am the owner of my kamma, heir to my kamma, born of my kamma, related to my kamma, abide supported by my kamma. Whatever kamma I shall do, for good or for ill, of that I will be the heir.

Evam amhehi abhinham paccavekkhitabbam

Thus we should frequently recollect.

Reflections on Sharing Blessings

(Now let us chant the verses of sharing and aspiration)

(Through the goodness that arises from my practice)

May my spiritual teachers and guides of great virtue,

My mother, my father and my relatives,

The Sun and the Moon, and all virtuous leaders of the world -

May the highest gods and evil forces;

Celestial beings, guardian spirits of the Earth and the Lord of Death;

May those who are friendly, indifferent or hostile;

May all beings receive the blessings of my life.

May they soon attain the threefold bliss and realise the Deathless.

Through the goodness that arises from my practice,

And through this act of sharing,

May all desires and attachments quickly cease

And all harmful states of mind.

Until I realise Nibbāna,

In every kind of birth, may I have an upright mind

With mindfulness and wisdom, austerity and vigour.

May the forces of delusion not take hold nor weaken my resolve.

The Buddha is my excellent refuge,

Unsurpassed is the protection of the Dhamma,

The Solitary Buddha is my noble Lord,

The Sangha is my supreme support.

Through the supreme power of all these,

May darkness and delusion be dispelled.

The Buddha's Words On Loving Kindness

(Now let us chant the Buddha's words on loving-kindness)

(This is what should be done)

By one who is skilled in goodness,

And who knows the path of peace:

Let them be able and upright,

Straightforward and gentle in speech.

Humble and not conceited,

Contented and easily satisfied,

Unburdened with duties and frugal in their ways.

Peaceful and calm, and wise and skilful,

Not proud and demanding in nature.

Let them not do the slightest thing

That the wise would later reprove.

Wishing: In gladness and in safety,

May all beings be at ease.

Whatever living beings there may be;

Whether they are weak or strong, omitting none,

The great or the mighty, medium, short or small,

The seen and the unseen,

Those living near and far away,

Those born and to-be-born -

May all beings be at ease.

Let none deceive another,

Or despise any being in any state.

Let none through anger or ill-will

Wish harm upon another.

Even as a mother protects with her life, Her child, her only child,

So with a boundless heart

Should one cherish all living beings;

Radiating kindness over the entire world:

Spreading upwards to the skies,

And downwards to the depths;

Outwards and unbounded,

Freed from hatred and ill-will.

Whether standing or walking, seated or lying down

Free from drowsiness,

One should sustain this recollection.

This is said to be the sublime abiding.

By not holding to fixed views,

The pure-hearted one, having clarity of vision,

Being freed from all sense-desires,

Is not born again into this world.

Reflections On Universal Well-Being

(Now let us chant the reflections on universal well-being)
(May I abide in well-being), in freedom from affliction, in freedom from hostility, in freedom from ill-will, in freedom from anxiety, and may I maintain well-being in myself.

May everyone abide in well-being, in freedom from hostility, in freedom from ill-will, in freedom from anxiety, and may they maintain well-being in themselves.

May <u>all</u> beings be released from all suffering, and may they not be parted from the good fortune they have attained.

When they act upon intention, <u>all</u> beings are the owners of their action and inherit its results. Their future is born from such action, companion to such action, and its results will be their home.

All actions with intention, be they skilful or harmful, of such acts they will be the heirs.

Reflection on Impermanence

[Chant each Pali verse three times]

Aniccā vata sankhārā
uppādavayadhammino
uppajjitvā nirujjhanti
tesam vūpasamo sukho

Alas! impermanent are all things.
That which arises is bound to cease.
The calming of this is the highest bliss.

Aciram vata yam kāyo paṭhavim adhisessati chuḍḍho apetaviññāṇo niratthamva kaliñgaram

For a brief time only lives this body and then it is laid upon the ground consciousness fled, as useless as a rotten log!

Suffusion with The Divine Abidings

(Now let us make the Four Boundless Qualities shine forth)

I will abide pervading one quarter with a mind imbued with loving kindness... likewise the second, likewise the third, likewise the fourth; so above and below, around and everywhere; and to all as to myself.

I will abide pervading the all-encompassing world with a mind imbued with loving kindness; abundant, exalted, immeasurable, without hostility and without ill will.

<u>I</u> will abide pervading one quarter with a mind imbued with compassion... likewise the second, likewise the third, likewise the fourth; so above and below, around and everywhere; and to <u>all</u> as to myself. <u>I</u> will abide pervading the all-encompassing world with a mind imbued with compassion; abundant, exalted, immeasurable, without hostility and without ill will.

<u>I</u> will abide pervading one quarter with a mind imbued with gladness... likewise the second, likewise the third, likewise the fourth; so above and below, around and everywhere; and to <u>all</u> as to myself. <u>I</u> will abide pervading the all-encompassing world with a mind imbued with gladness; abundant, exalted, immeasurable, without hostility and without <u>ill</u> will.

<u>I</u> will abide pervading one quarter with a mind imbued with equanimity... likewise the second, likewise the third, likewise the fourth; so above and below, around and everywhere; and to <u>all</u> as to myself. <u>I</u> will abide pervading the all-encompassing world with a mind imbued with equanimity; abundant, exalted, immeasurable, without hostility and without <u>ill</u> will.

(Handa mayam caturappamañña obhāsanam karomase)
(Mettā-sahagatena) cetasā ekam disam pharityā viharati Tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā catuttham Iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbatthatāya Sabbāvantam lokam mettā-sahagatena cetasā Vipulena mahaggatena appamānena averena abyāpajjhena pharityā viharati

Karuṇā-sahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati Tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā catuttham Iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbatthatāya Sabbāvantam lokam karuṇā-sahagatena cetasā Vipulena mahaggatena appamāṇena averena abyāpajjhena pharitvā viharati

Muditā-sahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharitvā viharati Tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā catuttham Iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbatthatāya Sabbāvantam lokam muditā-sahagatena cetasā Vipulena mahaggatena appamānena averena abyāpajjhena pharitvā viharati

Upekkhā-sahagatena cetasā ekam disam pharityā viharati Tathā dutiyam tathā tatiyam tathā catuttham Iti uddhamadho tiriyam sabbadhi sabbatthatāya Sabbāvantam lokam upekkhā-sahagatena cetasā Vipulena mahaggatena appamānena averena abyāpajjhena pharityā viharatī 'ti.

May There Be Every Blessing

Bhavatu sabba-maṇgalaṃ Rakknatu sabba-devatā Sabba-buddhā nubhāvena Sadā sotthi bhavantu te. May there be every blessing.

May all heavenly beings protect you.

Through the power of all the Buddhas,

May you always be well.

Bhavatu sabba-maṇgalaṃ Rakknatu sabba-devatā Sabba-dhammā nubhāvena Sadā sotthi bhavantu te. May there be every blessing.

May all heavenly beings protect you.

Through the power of all the Dhammas,

May you always be well.

Bhavatu sabba-maṇgalaṃ Rakknatu sabba-devatā Sabba-sanghā nubhāvena Sadā sotthi bhavantu te.

May there be every blessing.

May all heavenly beings protect you.

Through the power of all the Sanghas,

May you always be well.

The Highest Blessings - The Mangala Sutta

(Thus have I heard that the Blessed One)
Was staying at Savatti,
Residing at the Jetas Grove
In Anathapindika's park.
Then in the dark of the night, a radiant deva illuminated all Jeta's Grove.
She bowed down low before the Blessed One

Then standing to one side she said:
"Devas are concerned for happiness
And ever long for peace.
The same is true for human-kind.
What then are the highest blessings?"

"Avoiding those of foolish ways; Associating with the wise And honoring those worthy of honor. These are the highest blessings.

Living in places of suitable kinds, With the fruits of past good deeds And guided by the rightfull way. These are the highest blessings.

Accomplished in learning and craftsman's skills,

With discipline highly trained And speech that is true and pleasant to hear. These are the highest blessings.

Providing for mother and father's support And cherishing family And ways of work that harm no being, These are the highest blessings. Giving with Dhamma in the heart, Offering help to relatives and kin And acting in ways that leave no blame. These are the highest blessings.

Steadfast in restraint, and shunning evil ways;

Avoiding intoxicants that dull the mind And heedfulness in all things that arise. These are the highest blessings.

Respesctfulness and of humble ways,
Contentment and gratitude
And hearing the Dhamma frequently taught.
These are the highest blessings.

Patience and willingness to accept one's faults;
Seeing venerated seekers of the truth
And sharing often the words of Dhamma.
These are the highest blessings.

The Holy Life lived with ardent effort; Seeing for oneself the Noble Truths And the realization of Nibbana. These are the highest blessings.

Although involved in wolrldly ways,
Unshaken the mind remains
And beyond all sorrow, spotless, secure.
These are the highest blessings.
They who live by following this path
Know victory wherever they go
And every place for them is safe.
These are the highest blessings."

Closing Homage

(Araham) sammāsambuddho bhagavā

The Lord, the Perfectly Enlightened and Blessed One –

Buddham bhagavantam abhivademi

I render homage to the Buddha, the Blessed One. [Bow]

(Svākkhāto) bhagavatā dhammo

The Teaching so completely explained by him –

Dhammam namassāmi

I bow to the Dhamma.

[Bow]

(Supaţipanno) bhagavato sāvakasangho

The Blessed One's disciples who have practised well -

Sangham namāmi

I bow to the Sangha.

[Bow]